



Einladung zum Vortrag von

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**Prof. Tobias Ritter**  
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**„Late-Stage Fluorination for PET Imaging”**

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The unnatural isotope fluorine-18 ( $^{18}\text{F}$ ) is used as a positron emitter in molecular imaging. Currently, many potentially useful  $^{18}\text{F}$ -labeled probe molecules are inaccessible for imaging, because no fluorination chemistry is available to make them. Syntheses must be rapid on account of the 110-minute half-life of  $^{18}\text{F}$  and benefit from using [ $^{18}\text{F}$ ] fluoride due to practical access and suitable isotope enrichment. But [ $^{18}\text{F}$ ] fluoride chemistry has been limited in reaction and substrate scope. I will describe the development of novel, modern fluorination reactions and evaluate them based on their utility for F-18 and F-19 chemistry. Late-stage fluorination enables the synthesis of new drug candidates and conventionally unavailable positron emission tomography (PET) tracers for anticipated applications in pharmaceutical development as well as pre-clinical and clinical PET imaging.

Selected References:

- T. Furuyama, A. S. Kamlet, T. Ritter, *Nature* 2011, 473, 470-477  
E. Lee, A. S. Kamlet, D. C. Powers, C. N. Neumann, G. B. Boursalian,  
T. Furuya, D. C. Choi, J. M. Hooker, T. Ritter *Science* 2011, 334, 639-642.  
C. N. Neumann, J. M. Hooker, T. Ritter *Nature* 2016, 534, 369-373

Freitag, 04. November 2016, 16:30 Uhr  
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